WINTER/SPRING 2024 HOME HEALTH SPOTLIGHT

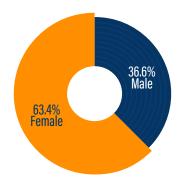


The Research Institute for Home Care is a non-profit, national consortium of home care providers and organizations.

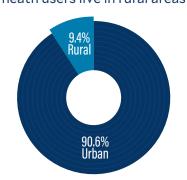
Through its one of a kind grant program, the Institute invests in research and data to further the understanding and evolution of care at home. This year's grant is dedicated to funding the future of home care through awarding PhD students dissertation support. Long term these grants serve to build a foundation for care at home through investment in peer review publishable research and has resulted in 10 home care specific research projects at universities and institutions across the nation.

Additionally, each year, the Institute unveils the Home Health Chartbook, a groundbreaking collaboration with the National Association for Home Care & Hospice. This invaluable resource stands as the sole free, publicly accessible data book, meticulously analyzing government-sourced home health data. The Chartbook serves as an indispensable compass, offering a comprehensive overview of home health care in the U.S. and shedding light on the patients served and the dedicated workforce behind their care.

• 63.4% of Medicare home health users are female

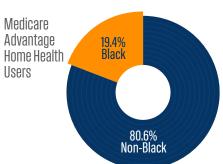


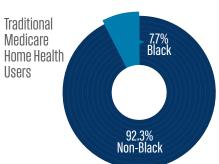
• 9.4% of Medicare home heath users live in rural areas

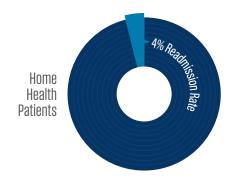


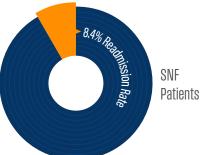
 Readmission rates for home health patients admitted from hospital following major hip and knee joint replacement or reattachment of lower extremity with major complication or comorbidity are less than half (4.0%) readmission from SNF (8.4%) and IRF (9.1%)

• 19.4% of Medicare Advantage home health users are Black, compared to 7.7% of Traditional Medicare home health users







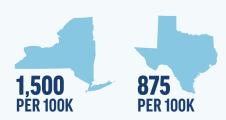




STATE HIGHLIGHTS



Massachusetts has the highest share of post-acute discharges to home health of any state



New York's almost 1500 home health employees per 100,000 residents far surpasses the next state which is Texas with an estimated 875 home health employees per 100,000 residents